

e-ISSN: 2320-9801 | p-ISSN: 2320-9798



INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF INNOVATIVE RESEARCH

IN COMPUTER & COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

Volume 10, Issue 7, July 2022

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD SERIAL NUMBER INDIA

Impact Factor: 8.165

9940 572 462

🕥 6381 907 438

🛛 🖂 ijircce@gmail.com

🙋 www.ijircce.com

e-ISSN: 2320-9801, p-ISSN: 2320-9798 www.ijircce.com | Impact Factor: 8.165



Volume 10, Issue 7, July 2022

| DOI: 10.15680/IJIRCCE.2022.1007033 |

Automated Patient Assistance through Artificial Intelligence

Vinod Kumar KP, Meghana D H, Neelambika, , Prateeksha P Kumtakar, Rachana N

Asst Professor, Dept. of CSE, Dr.Ambedkar Institute of Technology, Near Jnana Bharathi Campus, Mallathalli,

Bangalore, India¹

UG Student, Dept. of CSE, Dr.Ambedkar Institute of Technology, Near Jnana Bharathi Campus, Mallathalli,

Bangalore, India^{2,3,4,5}

ABSTRACT: In latest years, superior robots has the viable to decorate healthcare with latest developments in many current technologies. This presents insights into modern-day lookup in the fields of care, health facility management, nursing robots, rehabilitation robots, and others, with cutting-edge applied sciences in first-rate detail. Nowadays, robots in prescribed drugs gives assistance via soothing docs and scientific personnel from agenda errands, taking their time away from greater urgent obligations, and making therapeutic techniques extra invulnerable and much less costly for patients. The primary focal point of introducing robots in healthcare is that they can operate particular duties and take care of patients, mainly the historical age population. Many of the assessment papers reachable these days lack the contextualization of lively lookup tasks on healthcare robots. After reviewing quite a few profitable lookup papers on the robot's development, we aimed to spotlight the a number of components of robots in the healthcare system. This assessment paper highlights the a variety of elements of a healthcare robotic and its capability to clear up healthcare gadget challenges. We current a complete contextualization of robots in healthcare via recognizing and characterizing energetic lookup initiatives on healthcare robots that can work correctly with clinical services. We located out that healthcare robots are set to have a shiny future. Currently, the most frequent functions of robots in practice are in getting old and assisted living, the place partner robots are employed to alleviate signs and enhance affected person satisfactory of existence and outcomes. Although there are few examples of healthcare robots in the literature, the probability for this kind of robotic will develop in the following a long time as extra tech-savvy human beings attend aged care institutions.

KEYWORDS: Face Recognition, Pill Dispenser, Raspberry Pi, Mobility, Robots, Sensors, Emergency, Telebot

I. INTRODUCTION

According to the WHO member repute report, we have much less than one physician per thousand human beings for imparting applicable aid in clinical fitness problems in our world. In case of an emergency like the existing corona pandemic, this inadequacy is even greater noticeable. As a result, Doctors, Nurses and Medical assistants are pressured to serve all of us and grow to be extra susceptible to their household and themselves, which is growing the price of contact with extra affected people. Moreover, poverty has come to be a full-size trouble in third world countries. More human beings want extra nurses for check-ups and this will increase the degree of spending in the fitness sector. In this case, a robotic ought to attain some preliminary data (such as Body Temperature, BPM, Oxygen Saturation Level, ECG) of the affected person except the medical doctor or nurse's direct contact, and it may want to considerably decrease these problems. On the different hand, even in things like round- test of the patient, giving remedy as per the prescription, speaking at once to the physician - even if the physician does no longer go immediately to the affected person bodily and this robotic can mostly overcome the doctor's inadequacy. And at the quit of the day, this robotic will substantially limit the price of activities check-ups per capita in the fitness zone by way of hospitals. As a result, sufferers will additionally get hold of a low-priced healthcare service.

In latest years, many portions of lookup have been developed in this zone individually. We went thru quite a number works on scientific help self reliant robots. The majority of clinical non- public desired to manipulate their assistant robotic over the internet. superior healthcare, clever healthcare, digital thermometer, Non-contact Infrared Thermometer, A pulse oximeter, heartbeat monitoring, IoT gadget for coronary heart hassle detection and Temperature-Humidity dimension device has already been stated in our work. We concept of the usage of a special robotics utilization and prescribed remedy care for the healthcare digitalization sector. In the controlling portion,

| e-ISSN: 2320-9801, p-ISSN: 2320-9798| <u>www.ijircce.com</u> | |Impact Factor: 8.165

|| Volume 10, Issue 7, July 2022 ||

| DOI: 10.15680/IJIRCCE.2022.1007033 |

some lookup primarily based on route discovering self sustaining movement, impediment avoidance, some are based totally on android app associated user-end guide controlling.

As we type out this lookup and summarize this, we have concluded that a whole answer can solely be accomplished by using combining these three points. Those are: (i) Mobility- Movement and Transportation attribute from one area to another; (ii) Physiological monitoring- to consider physiological stipulations of sufferers and screen their fitness reputation remotely; (iii) Assistance with day by day activities- assist in carrying out things to do associated to self-care.



III. METHODOLOGY

Fig 1. virtual doctor robot block diagram

Figure indicates the proposed block graph for digital physician robot, the gadget makes use of a robotic automobile with 4-wheel pressure for effortless navigation. The robotic additionally consists of an hands for lifting a tray and controller field for circuitry and a mounting to preserve a cellular smartphone or tablet. The cellular or pill is used to preserve stay video calls. The physician can use an IOT primarily based panel to manage the robot. The manage instructions despatched on line are received via the robotic controller. The robotic controller operates over Wi-Fi internet. The obtained commands are acquired in actual time and the robotic motors are operated to reap the desired. movement commands. Also the root has different features which includes battery popularity alert to remind of battery charging on time

Module 1

Objectives

To Design a robotic which performs human tasks.One of the undertaking is an computerized medicinal drug dispenser. It is vital to furnish medicine to the aged in time. Automatic medicinal drug dispenser is designed especially for customers who take medicinal drugs without shut expert supervision. It relieves the consumer of the error-prone duties of administering wrong medication at incorrect time. The principal aspects of this medicine dispenser are a microcontroller interfaced with an alphanumeric keypad, an LED display, a Motor Controller, an Alarm system, a a couple of tablet container and dispenser.

Methodology

1. Pill dispensers pair high-tech advances with an easy-to-use dispenser.

2. The medicines are loaded into the dispenser, and every dose is allotted in accordance to a present schedule.

3. An audio the rest sounds to notify the affected person that it is time to take the pills.

4. These structures can accommodate up to three separate medicine instances every day, relying onpatient's needs.

| e-ISSN: 2320-9801, p-ISSN: 2320-9798| www.ijircce.com | |Impact Factor: 8.165



Volume 10, Issue 7, July 2022

| DOI: 10.15680/IJIRCCE.2022.1007033 |



Fig 2. Automatic medicine dispenser flow chart

Module 2

Objectives

To make a wi-fi manipulate robot. The device makes use of a robotic automobile with 4-wheel force for handy navigation. The robotic additionally includes an fingers for lifting a tray and controller container for circuitry and a mounting to maintain a cell phone or tablet. The cell or pill is used to keep stay video calls.

Methodology

- 1. The Wi-Fi module is related to the clever smartphone software thru internet.
- 2. When the command is given via clever telephone robotic strikes in accordance to it.

3. Whenever the robotic detects the impediment it stops and intimates the operator.



Fig 3. Flow chart of wireless Communication

Module 3

Objectives

To Communicate sincerely with the patients.Videoconferencing is a technique of speaking between two or extra areas in which sound, vision and statistics indicators are conveyed electronically to allow simultaneous interactive communication. Much extra non-public and fantastic than audio conferencing, all events worried can see the facial expressions and physique language that are sovital to the waywe communicate.

Methodology

1. Open the video calling app.

2. Make a name to the tab connected to the robotic body.

| e-ISSN: 2320-9801, p-ISSN: 2320-9798| <u>www.ijircce.com</u> | |Impact Factor: 8.165

Volume 10, Issue 7, July 2022

| DOI: 10.15680/IJIRCCE.2022.1007033 |

3. Communicate with the affected person virtually.

4. Collect the records from affected person and prescribe the remedy



Module 4

Objectives

To construct a device that signals the health practitioner about patient's condition.Patient Monitoring System can be characterised as thesystem utilized for observingphysiological signs that include the parameters like the electrocardiogram (ECG), respiratory signs, intrusive and non-invasive blood strain physique temperature, gases associated parameters, and so forth.Understanding and checking the monitoring gadget is a piece of M-health innovation.It can be named as m-health or cell health. These structures are utilized for the practiceof medicinal and everyday fitness with the help of telephone phones. These framework's observations can be utilized nearby or remotely. Methodology

1. The robotic at far flung web page has pulse price sensor, temperature sensor, all shooting records and stores it in the database.

2 When the medical destary

2. When the medical doctor want the facts they can reap structure the database.

3. In case of emergency the robotic will alert the physician about patient's condition.



| e-ISSN: 2320-9801, p-ISSN: 2320-9798| www.ijircce.com | |Impact Factor: 8.165



Volume 10, Issue 7, July 2022

| DOI: 10.15680/IJIRCCE.2022.1007033 |

III. RESULTS

Eile Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help Neelambixa 03.772200135345336 10.772100135345336 0.771200135345336 0.77130968957635	Elle Edit Shell Debug Options Window He Python 3.7.3 (default, Dec 20 2019, 1815 [GCC 8.3.0] on Linux
Neelambika 03.772206135345336 1 1 0.721130000257835	Python 3.7.3 (default, Dec 20 2019, 18:5 [GCC 8.3.0] on linux
1 Rachana Rachana Rachana Rachana Settina Nee Lumbika Nee Lumbika Nee Lumbika Nee Lumbika Nee Lumbika Nee Lumbika Settina Setina Setti	In the second se

Fig 6. Unknown person face recognition



Fig 8. voice play back



Fig 10. Temperature Checking





e()" for more information ring robot/all_sensors.py

Fig 9. sensor output



Fig 11. SPO2 Sensor

| e-ISSN: 2320-9801, p-ISSN: 2320-9798| <u>www.ijircce.com</u> | |Impact Factor: 8.165

|| Volume 10, Issue 7, July 2022 ||

| DOI: 10.15680/IJIRCCE.2022.1007033 |



Fig 11. Connection picture

Fig 12. Nurse Robot

Fig 8.1 Face Recognition Output

IV. CONCLUSION AND FUTURE ENHANCEMENT

In this project, in general centered on designing and growing of clinical assistant robotic "Virtual medical doctor robot" as important affected person monitoring and affected person caring help with day by day activities. For person pleasant the robotic is designed with the guide and independent manipulate system. Doctors from somewhere in the world will be in a position to exhibit the all affected person information barring touching the affected person via the IoT device and make speak video calls with the patient. This kind of robots will go a lengthy way in assuaging the lack of enough medical practitioner in scientific offerings round the world. Anyone who is aware of foremost running can additionally use digital physician robotic as a clinical assistant in his family. Machine getting to know and AI machine will be carried thru in the future.

In future, the gadget can be made extra environment friendly so that it can apprehend the faces in all lights conditions and with extra accuracy. The algorithm can be accelerated to realize sufferers through eyes .The machine can be increased in such a way that ,If affected person does now not take medicinal drug it shouldsend notification to Doctor.

REFERENCES

[1]. Kavita Satale, Tanmayi Bhave, Chirag Chandak, Prof. S. A. Patil, "Nursing Robot", International Research Journal of Engineering and Technology (IRJET), Vol. 105, No. 5, pp. 352-362, 2020.

[2]. Miran Lee, Ko Ameyama, Hirotake Yamazoe and Joo Ho Lee, "Necessity and feasibility of care coaching assistant robotic (CaTARo) as shoulder complicated joint with multi-DOF in aged care education", Lee et al. Robomech J, Vol. 152 pp. 1739-1744, 2020.

[3]. Xi Vincent Wang, Lihui Wang, "A literature survey of the robotic applied sciences at some stage in the COVID-19 pandemic", Journal of Manufacturing Systems, Vol. 31, No. 25, pp. 2772-2777, 2021.

[4. Shuo Tian, Wenbo Yang, Jehane Michael Le Grange, Peng Wang, Wei Huang, Zhewei Ye, "Smart healthcare: making scientific care greater intelligent", Global Health Journal, Vol. 41, pp. 237-240, 2019.

[5]. Erwin Loh, "Medicine and the upward shove of the robots: a qualitative overview of latest advances of synthetic talent in health", Vol. 5, No. 3, pp. 205-226, 2018.

[6]. Leo Louis, "WORKING PRINCIPLE OF ARDUINO AND USING IT AS A TOOL FOR STUDY AND RESEARCH", International Journal of Control, Automation, Communication and Systems (IJCACS), Vol. 1, p. 5. 2016.

[7]. Krishna Chaitanya, "Robotic nursing aid", National Science Foundation (NSF), Vol. 49, pp. 1-6, 2021.

[8]. Amit Kumar Pandey H, Rodolphe Gelin, "A Mass-Produced Sociable Humanoid Robot: Pepper: The First Machine of Its Kind", IEEE Robotics & amp; Automation, Vol. 30, No. 1, pp. 35-37, 2018.

[9]. Meir Nitzan, Ayal Romem, Robert Koppel, "Pulse oximetry: fundamentals and science update", Medical Devices: Evidence and Research, Vol. 95, pp. 160-180, 2014.

[10]. Maria Kyrarini, Fotios Lygerakis, Akilesh Rajavenkatanarayanan, Christos Sevastopoulos, Harish Ram Nambiappan, Kodur Krishna Chaitanya, Ashwin Ramesh Babu, Joanne Mathew and Fillia Makedon, "A Survey of Robots in Healthcare", Technologies, Vol. 60, No. 6, pp. 901-911, 2021











INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF INNOVATIVE RESEARCH

IN COMPUTER & COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

🚺 9940 572 462 应 6381 907 438 🖂 ijircce@gmail.com



www.ijircce.com