



International Journal of Innovative Research in Computer and Communication Engineering

(A Monthly, Peer Reviewed, Refereed, Scholarly Indexed, Open Access Journal)





Textual Chat Bot (Customer Service)

Ms Smitha S P¹, B R Yeshwanth², V Rahul Reddy³, Prakruthi D R⁴, Chaithra S G⁵,
V Hema Sundhar Reddy⁶

Assistant Professor, School of Computer Science and Engineering, Presidency University, Bengaluru, India¹

Student of CSE, School of Computer Science and Engineering, Presidency University, Bengaluru, India^{2,3,4,5,6}

ABSTRACT: In the modern digital world, customer service delivery requires immediate, accurate, and scalable responses to meet the rising expectations of users. This paper explores the development of an AI-based chatbot for the banking industry using the RASA framework. The chatbot uses advanced NLP techniques combined with machine learning algorithms to provide intelligent and contextually relevant support. This system mainly works to address the frequently asked questions, evaluate the loan eligibility based on the user's submitted information, and identify spam messages for safe and effective communication.

The chatbot reduces dependence on human agents by automating routine customer interactions and minimizes response times to always be ready and available for interaction 24/7. Another unique aspect of this system is its modularity, making it adaptable to a wide variety of banking use cases, scalable to high user loads, and easily integratable with multiple platforms like web and mobile interfaces. The integration of RASA's NLU capabilities with custom machine learning models enhances the accuracy of intent recognition, entity extraction, and decision-making processes of the system.

This study underlines the ability of conversational artificial intelligence to revolutionize customer service within the banking industry and points towards its broader impact on user trust and satisfaction. The initiative directly addresses major problems such as the support of a multilingual interface, communication security, and complex decision processes, providing a wide-ranging solution to modern banking institutions. The results and techniques that were developed within this paper establish a strong base for further innovation in specific chatbots that ensure seamless, intelligent interactions with customers in a more digitalized world

KEYWORDS: AI Chatbots, Banking Services, Customer Support RASA Framework Natural Language Understanding (NLU) Machine Learning Spam Classification Loan Eligibility Prediction.

I. INTRODUCTION

The integration of AI into customer service frameworks has fundamentally transformed the way businesses communicate with their clients. In the banking industry, one of the most effective systems that bridge the gap between users and services is the utilization of chatbots, especially in situations where quick responses are necessary and accurate. Traditional client service systems often face issues of scalability, accessibility, and extended wait times, thus negatively impacting efficiency as well as consumer satisfaction. This will try to solve the problems mentioned above by developing a banking industry-specific chatbot. The chatbot was developed using the RASA framework, which utilizes machine learning and NLU for contextually relevant and personalized interactions. The chatbot aims to address the currently existing challenges: automating a set of tasks such as common inquiries, creditworthiness evaluation during loan applications, and spam message recognition. As an outcome, this project would create a banking-domain-specific chatbot. This bank-domain-specific chatbot, built upon the RASA framework, has been designed and implemented using a combination of techniques from machine learning and natural language understanding (NLU) towards making interactions with it context-relevant and highly personalized. Chatbots reduce human agents' workload and guarantee 24/7 availability by automating tasks like answering frequently asked questions, assessing loan eligibility, and detecting spam. Unlike traditional chatbots, the newly proposed system can analyze complex requests using novel advanced NLP techniques and retrieve important information to deliver meaningful insights. It promises a consistent, ready user experience through coherent integration with mobile applications and web-based platforms. Based on practical banking applications, this research illustrates the transformative power of conversational AI in meeting changing needs without sacrificing stability, adaptiveness, and reliability



International Journal of Innovative Research in Computer and Communication Engineering (IJIRCCCE)

(A Monthly, Peer Reviewed, Refereed, Scholarly Indexed, Open Access Journal)

II. RELATED WORK

The integration of AI into customer services has really changed the face of how organizations interact with their clients. With the latest upgrades in chatbots, the improvement has been much more advanced in terms of conversation agents that have been specifically designed with the customer in mind. RASA is an open-source resource for developing AI-driven chatbots that gained immense popularity from the day of its inception because of its flexibility and modular architecture. The studies suggest it to be very effective in facilitating dialogues and identifying intent, especially where the response would need to be based on context. According to Blocksche et al. (2017), RASA has a good capacity to manage fluid and multi-turn interactions. This ability is one of the greatest necessities in financial services and customer support industries. Such conversational agents have been explored for various applications in the financial sector, including fraud detection and wealth management. Singh and Singh, in 2019, identified the implementation of AI-based chatbots in Indian banking establishments, indicating the potential to increase customer engagement and operational efficiency. However, some of the challenges identified do require further exploration, such as data security, linguistic diversity, and integration with existing legacy systems.

Conversational agents have been studied within the financial sector for various functions, including fraud detection and wealth management. In their 2019 investigation, Singh and Singh highlighted the application of AI-driven chatbots in Indian banking institutions, illustrating their potential to enhance customer engagement and improve operational effectiveness. Nevertheless, several challenges were noted that necessitate further exploration, such as data security, linguistic diversity, and compatibility with existing legacy systems. Moreover, this is because, with these advancements in natural language processing, especially through deep learning frameworks like transformers, the capacity of chatbots to respond to complex and ambiguous user queries has improved significantly. Younget al. (2017) provided a benchmark for modern conversational artificial intelligence systems by investigating ways in which deep learning methodologies could improve the precision of intent classification and entity recognition. However, research still lags behind when it comes to applying such approaches to areas such as banking. This research work fills the gaps by combining RASA with particular data and specific machine learning algorithms that can add to the current state-of-the-art models.

This work will aim to upgrade their functional ability, scalability, and usability for a real-world financial application by focusing on those tasks that are specifically banking-related, such as spam filtering and loan suitability evaluation. In the context of banking, chatbots can be considered as an effective tool in bridging users and services. The core problem that still exists in conventional customer service systems is to satisfy users with timely and accurate responses, usually suffering from scalability, accessibility, and long waiting times. Operational effectiveness and customer satisfaction might be negatively impacted by these drawbacks. This is an initiative towards overcoming these disadvantages by developing a chatbot particularly for the banking sector.

Construction of the chatbot was carried out using the RASA framework, which utilized machine learning along with NLU to enable the contextually appropriate and personalized interactions of the users. It is designed to automate functions that involve giving responses to frequently asked questions, loan eligibility checking, and spam identification. This initiative, therefore, intends to set up a banking industry-specific chatbot that solves such problems. It is built on the RASA framework with the application of machine learning and natural language understanding capabilities for the creation of contextual, personalized conversations. Chatbots reduce the load of human agents and ensure a 24/7 availability feature by automating tasks such as answering frequently asked questions, assessing loan eligibility, and detecting spam. This system is different from all the traditional chatbots as it depends on the advanced techniques of NLP in handling complex queries, retrieving relevant information, and the presentation of valuable insights. It can be integrated with mobile applications and web interfaces so that there is a seamless, uniform, and accessible user experience. Some practical applications are presented in the banking sector to showcase the transformational capabilities of conversational AI to meet evolving needs in stability, adaptability, and dependability.

III. PROPOSED METHOD

We are creating a progressed chatbot for the keeping money division utilizing the RASA system to essentially improve client involvement. This chatbot is planned to provide precise and opportune reactions, computerize schedule assignments, and give personalized help to clients. The chatbot will proficiently handle different client demands, such as replying FAQs, checking account equalizations, and preparing credit request, whereas advertising custom fitted bolster based on person



International Journal of Innovative Research in Computer and Communication Engineering (IJIRCCCE)

(A Monthly, Peer Reviewed, Refereed, Scholarly Indexed, Open Access Journal)

client needs. Our advancement handle takes after a few key steps to guarantee the chatbot's adequacy. To begin with, we center on understanding the requirements of both the bank and its clients. This includes distinguishing key capacities the chatbot must perform, such as reacting to visit questions, evaluating credit eligibility, and identifying spam messages. We'll collaborate closely with bank staff and clients to completely get it their necessities and establish clear project goals. Next, we center on planning the preparing information. We are going make a comprehensive dataset that includes: What the client is attempting to do (e.g., check adjust, apply for a loan). Entities: Critical subtle elements from the customer's message (e.g., account numbers, dates, advance amounts). Example discussions: A wide extend of practical exchanges between clients and the chatbot. This information will be organized in YAML records (nlu.yml, stories.yml, domain.yml) for effective training. With the information in put, we'll proceed to construct the chatbot show utilizing RASA capable devices. The chatbot will be prepared to accurately understand client eagerly and extricate significant data from their messages. It'll moreover handle multi-step discussions, recollecting setting and directing the client through complex intuitive. Additionally, we'll make custom Python scripts to empower the chatbot to perform particular assignments, such as questioning databases, making calculations, and collaboration with other managing an account systems. To fine-tune the chatbot, we'll carefully arrange its conduct utilizing RASA config.yml record. This incorporates defining how the chatbot ought to decipher and extricate data, oversee discussion stream, and handle vague or hazy demands. Broad testing will take after to guarantee ideal execution, with alterations made based on feedback. Finally, persistent change will be an ongoing portion of the project. We'll screen the chatbots execution, assemble client input, and refine the preparing information to move forward its exactness and usefulness over time. This approach guarantees that the chatbot isn't as it were well-designed but moreover persistently optimized to supply uncommon benefit within the managing an account segment.

IV. IMPLEMENTATION

To bring our chatbot to life, we took after a well-structured preparation that guaranteed a consistent and compelling usage. To begin with, we set up a committed Python 3.10 environment utilizing Conda, a capable bundle administration device. This gives a controlled space for all fundamental conditions. After the environment setup, we introduced the fundamental RASA libraries, which are the center system for building conversational AI. We at that point carefully confirmed the establishment to guarantee everything was in put for a smooth improvement process. Next, we centered on characterizing the chatbots' conduct utilizing a few key arrangement records. The nlu.yml record was utilized to characterize the different bury such as check adjust or apply for a credit and to supply illustration client messages for each aim. This made a difference the chatbot get it the distinctive ways a client might express and ask. The stories.yml record laid out the expected discussion stream, enumerating how the chatbot ought to react to different client inputs and direct the interaction. The domain.yml record acted as the central center, characterizing all bury, substances (such as account numbers), activities (like bringing information from the banks frameworks), and conceivable reactions, guaranteeing the chatbot might connected intellectuals with clients. At long last, the config.yml record arranged the machine learning models, indicating calculations and parameters for normal dialect understanding (NLU) and exchange administration, guaranteeing the chatbot seem precisely handle and react to client queries. Once the setup was total, we continued to prepare the chatbots NLU and discourse models. These were trained independently and after that together to optimize execution. All through the preparing prepare, we thoroughly tried the chatbots exactness and fine-tuned the arrangements based on test results. We at that point moved on to building the Movement Server, where we made custom Python scripts to handle particular activities required by the chatbot. For case, scripts were made to recover account subtle elements from the banks database, survey advance qualification based on client input, and handle other fundamental operations. These scripts were facilitated on the RASA Activity Server, guaranteeing they were accessible for real-time use. Finally, we coordinates the chatbot into the bank's site utilizing an instinctive chat gadget. We set up a vigorous association to the bank's database, empowering the chatbot to get to and upgrade client information powerfully. Comprehensive framework testing taken after, permitting us to distinguish and address any issues. This fastidious handle come about in a strong, productive, and user-friendly chatbot that meets the requirements of the bank's clients

V. PROJECT OUTCOMES

The compelling utilization of the chatbot has brought a few basic enhancements to the bank's operations and client encounters. Clients can presently rapidly and effortlessly discover the data they require without having to explore the complete site, with personalized reactions making intuitive more important and locks in. The chatbot has expanded proficiency by diminishing hold up times for schedule questions, such as intrigued rates and account subtle elements, and



International Journal of Innovative Research in Computer and Communication Engineering (IJIRCCE)

(A Monthly, Peer Reviewed, Refereed, Scholarly Indexed, Open Access Journal)

by robotizing tedious assignments, liberating up human specialists to center on more complex issues. It has streamlined the advance application prepare by giving an starting appraisal of a clients qualification based on salary, credit score, and other variables, sparing time for both clients and the bank. Moreover, the chatbot consolidates progressed spam location, securing both the bank and its clients from potential security dangers. Planned for adaptability, it permits the bank to handle expanding client intelligent without overburdening staff, and its consistent integration with the bank's database guarantees it gives the foremost up-to-date and precise data. By and large, the chatbot has demonstrated to be an important asset, progressing client fulfilment, improving operational efficiency, and enhancing the by and large client encounter.

VI. RESULT

In collaboration with RASA, the AI-powered Banking Customer Support Chatbot delivers several key advantages:
Major Advantages:

1. Efficient Handling of Inquiries:

- Provides dependable and swift answers to routine banking questions. • Effectively handle customer queries regarding card services, account issues, etc.

2. Always Available:

- Provide 24/7 support for various operations such as loan applications, transaction queries, branch locator, etc. • Ensures that customers receive help whenever they need it.

3. Improved User Experience:

- Provides a seamless and intuitive experience, making it easier for customers to access financial services. • Optimize the process of searching for relevant information and improve user experience.

4. Analysis of compliance with credit requirements:

- Evaluate user information such as income and credit history to determine loan eligibility. •Simplifies the loan application process, making it more accessible to users.

5. Spam Location and Management:

- Channels out insignificant messages, guaranteeing clients as it were getting imperative information.
- Makes strides the clarity of communication and increments by and large client satisfaction.

6. Time and taken a toll Savings:

- Automates tedious assignments, lessening the requirement for manual intervention.
- Saves time for both bank staff and clients, altogether cutting down operational costs

7. Scalability and Flexibility:

- Seamlessly coordinating with web administrations, guaranteeing compatibility over numerous stages and gadgets.
- Outlined to advance and adjust to suit future updates and modern features

8. Minimize Errors:

- Employments progressed machine learning and normal dialect preparing to decrease human error.
- Guarantees exact and solid reactions to construct client trust.

9. Improved Efficiency:

- Streamlines the workflow of client back groups by dealing with dreary queries.
- Allows bolster staff to center on settling more complex issues.

10. Positive Client Perception:

- Increment client fulfillment by giving cutting edge innovation driven keeping money experience.
- Fortify the bank's brand picture through the utilize of imaginative technology.



International Journal of Innovative Research in Computer and Communication Engineering (IJIRCCCE)

(A Monthly, Peer Reviewed, Refereed, Scholarly Indexed, Open Access Journal)

VII. CONCLUSION

Using the RASA framework, we have developed a specialized AI-based customer support chatbot for the banking industry. This chatbot includes key features such as handling frequently asked questions (FAQs), assessing credit eligibility based on user inputs, and detecting spam or irrelevant messages to ensure smooth communication. Chatbots aim to improve customer service and increase operational efficiency by providing 24/7 support, automating common inquiries, and reducing reliance on human agents.

Chatbots use natural language understanding (NLU) to accurately recognize user intent and extract relevant entities to ensure accurate, contextually appropriate responses are delivered. The integrated spam detection function improves user experience by filtering unnecessary messages, while the right to receive a loan assessment function allows users to quickly make financial decisions, whatever the service, which improves again the service.

Incorporating the rasa with various online platforms, the combat cat is designed to operate on several communication devices and channels, offering both scalability and accessibility. This project emphasizes the transforming potential of conversational AI in banking, helping to reduce operating costs, increase customer satisfaction and improve the overall quality of service in conclusion, this study establishes a strong basis for future achievements in support of customers managed by artificial intelligence. Potential future developments may include the integration of more advanced machine learning models, expand the Chatbot knowledge base and further integration with additional banking services to increase its flexibility and usefulness for both customers and banking staff.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

We B R Yeshwanth , Rahul Reddy , Prakruthi , Chaithra , Hema Sundhar would like to express our thanks to our supervisor Dr Akshatha Y Assistant Professor at Presidency University, for their valuable support and guidance throughout this paper. We would also like to extend our gratitude to Presidency University for providing the necessary resources and facilities for the successful completion of this work. Lastly, we are grateful to our families and friends for their unwavering encouragement and support.

REFERENCES

1. Blocksche, D., et al. (2017) investigated how RASA can be used to manage financial services' fluid, multi-turn interactions.
2. Singh, R., and Singh, K. (2019) examined how AI-based chatbots were used in Indian banking institutions, emphasizing improved operational effectiveness and customer engagement.
3. Young, Hazarika, Poria, and Cambria (2017) established standards for contemporary conversational AI systems that use deep learning to enhance entity recognition and intent categorization.
4. Technical information and instructions for putting conversational AI systems into practice using the RASA framework may be found in the RASA documentation. accessible at RASA
5. Bengio, Y., Goodfellow, I., and Courville, A. (2016) - Deep Learning. The MIT Press. An essential site for understanding deep learning ideas.
6. D. Jurafsky and J. H. Martin, Speech and Language Processing (2023). Pearson. investigates NLP models pertinent to the use of chatbots.
7. Sequence-to-sequence learning for dialogue systems was covered in "A Neural Conversational Model" by Vinyals, O., & Le, Q. (2015). published through NeurIPS.
8. Zhang, A., and associates (2020) - A Look at Deep Learning. An applied strategy for machine learning-based conversational agent development.
9. IEEE Transactions on Neural Networks, "Enhanced Multi-Intent Understanding for AI Chatbots" (Luo & Liu, 2021).
10. Introduction to Information Retrieval by Manning, C. D., Raghavan, P., & Schütze, H. (2008). Cambridge University Press. covers categorization and text preparation methods that are pertinent to spam detection.



INTERNATIONAL
STANDARD
SERIAL
NUMBER
INDIA



INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF INNOVATIVE RESEARCH

IN COMPUTER & COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

 9940 572 462  6381 907 438  ijircce@gmail.com



www.ijircce.com

Scan to save the contact details