



IJIRCCCE

e-ISSN: 2320-9801 | p-ISSN: 2320-9798



INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF INNOVATIVE RESEARCH

IN COMPUTER & COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

Volume 12, Issue 3, March 2024

ISSN INTERNATIONAL
STANDARD
SERIAL
NUMBER
INDIA

Impact Factor: 8.379



9940 572 462



6381 907 438



ijircce@gmail.com



www.ijircce.com

Sensor Park: Automated Car Parking System Powered by Arduino and IR Sensor Technology

Mr. Shashank Mane^{*1}, Sejal Khode.^{*2}, Aayushi Mahajan.^{*3}, Abhishek Thakur.^{*4}, Abhijit Kadu.^{*5}

Department of Electronics and Communication Engineering, Shri Balaji Institute of Technology and Management,
Betul (M.P) India

ABSTRACT: With the ever-growing urbanization and the increasing number of vehicles on the road, efficient car parking systems have become imperative. This paper presents a comprehensive study and implementation of a Smart Car Parking System using Arduino and IR (Infrared) sensors. The proposed system leverages the capabilities of Arduino microcontrollers for real-time monitoring and control. The system utilizes IR sensors to detect the presence or absence of vehicles in parking spaces. Arduino microcontrollers process the sensor data, providing real-time information about parking space availability. The implementation follows various approaches such as real-time parking assistance, IoT-based models, and FCFS (First-Come-First-Serve) priority scheduling. The integration of these methodologies ensures a reliable and efficient smart parking system. The proposed system not only aids in reducing the time taken to find parking spaces but also contributes to the optimization of available parking resources. The system demonstrates its potential to alleviate the challenges associated with urban parking, making it a viable solution for smart cities. The findings of this study contribute to the ongoing efforts in developing intelligent and efficient parking management systems for modern urban environments.

KEYWORDS: Arduino Uno, IR Sensor, Parking Space Availability, Smart Cities.

I. INTRODUCTION

In recent years, there has been a growing emphasis on developing innovative solutions to address the escalating challenges of urban congestion and limited parking spaces. The advent of smart technologies and microcontroller-based systems has paved the way for intelligent solutions in the field of parking management. This paper explores the integration of Arduino Uno and IR sensors to devise an efficient and reliable Smart Car Parking System. The proliferation of research in this domain is evident in the numerous studies that have harnessed the capabilities of Arduino Uno for developing intelligent parking systems. Real-time parking assistance has been a recurring theme in recent studies. Ananya Bhatti et al. (2023) proposed a system that employs Arduino and sensors for real-time parking assistance, demonstrating the versatility of Arduino-based solutions. Similarly, Suman Turpati et al. (2023) explored the application of Arduino Uno in developing a Smart Car Parking System, further enriching the body of knowledge. Zarif Irfan Mohamad Yusni et al. (2022) provided insights into the development of a Smart Car Parking System using Arduino Uno, highlighting the evolution of such systems over time. Additionally, the study by S.K. Satyanarayana et al. (2022) emphasized the role of Arduino in smart parking assistance, underlining its impact on modernizing engineering technology. The integration of Internet of Things (IoT) in parking management was studied by M.R.M. Veeramanickam et al. (2022), showcasing an IoT-based smart parking model using Arduino Uno. This approach brings a new layer of connectivity and data management to enhance the efficiency of parking systems. Against this backdrop, this paper aims to contribute to the existing knowledge by proposing a Smart Car Parking System utilizing Arduino Uno and IR sensors. The utilization of infrared sensors adds a layer of precision to the system, enhancing its reliability in detecting and managing parking spaces. This research builds upon the collective insights of previous studies to present a comprehensive solution for addressing the challenges of modern urban parking.

II. LITERATURE REVIEW

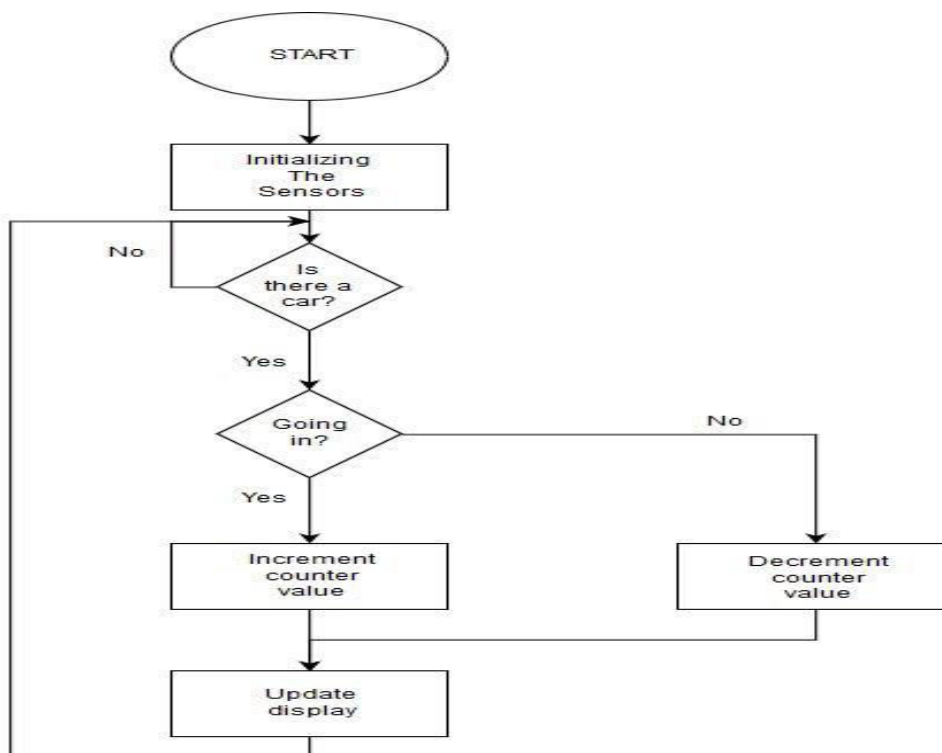
The implementation of smart car parking systems using Arduino and IR sensors has garnered significant attention due to their potential to streamline parking processes and enhance user experience. These systems offer various functionalities such as real-time parking availability detection, automated entry and exit management, and efficient

space utilization. However, while they bring notable advantages such as reduced congestion, improved safety, and enhanced convenience for drivers, they also exhibit certain limitations such as susceptibility to environmental factors like weather conditions and limited range of sensor detection. A comparative analysis of different approaches in smart car parking systems employing Arduino and IR sensors reveals varying degrees of efficiency and reliability. Factors such as sensor placement, calibration techniques, and data processing algorithms significantly impact the performance of these systems. Some approaches prioritize accuracy in detecting vacant parking spaces, while others focus on minimizing false positives to ensure reliable operation. Understanding the trade-offs between efficiency and reliability is crucial in designing effective smart parking solutions. Recent advancements in smart car parking technology underscore the growing integration of Arduino and IR sensors for real-time parking assistance. Innovations include the incorporation of machine learning algorithms for improved parking space detection accuracy, integration with mobile applications for enhanced user interaction, and the use of cloud-based platforms for centralized data management and analysis. These advancements highlight a shift towards more intelligent and interconnected parking solutions capable of addressing the evolving needs of urban environments. IoT-based smart parking models leveraging Arduino and IR sensors offer promising avenues for addressing parking challenges in urban areas. By leveraging the connectivity and data-sharing capabilities of IoT technologies, these systems enable seamless communication between parking spaces, vehicles, and centralized management systems. However, challenges related to infrastructure deployment, interoperability, and data privacy need to be carefully addressed to ensure the feasibility and practical implementation of such models at scale.

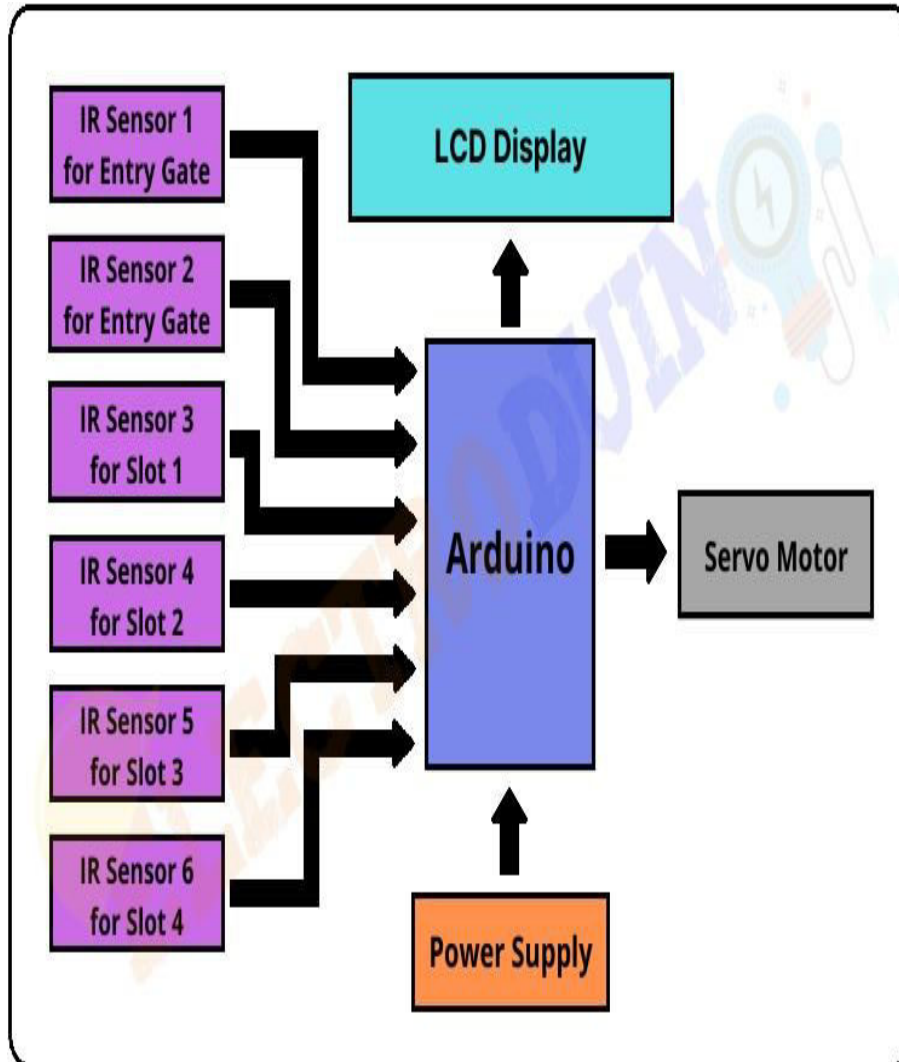
Various methodologies for smart car parking allocation systems based on Arduino and IR sensors are being explored to address issues of scalability and adaptability. These methodologies range from static allocation strategies based on predefined rules to dynamic approaches utilizing real-time data analytics and predictive modeling. Factors such as parking demand patterns, user preferences, and operational constraints influence the effectiveness of these allocation systems, necessitating a holistic approach to design and implementation. Identifying gaps in the literature and areas for further improvement or exploration is essential for advancing the field of smart car parking systems. Key areas for future research include the development of robust sensor fusion techniques for enhanced accuracy and reliability, the integration of emerging

III. METHODOLOGY

Flow chart



Block diagram



Working principle

A smart car parking system employing Arduino and IR sensors offers a seamless parking experience by integrating various components to efficiently manage parking spaces. Firstly, vehicle detection is achieved through IR sensors placed at each parking space, detecting the presence of vehicles by monitoring changes in sensor readings. The data collected is then processed by an Arduino Uno, which analyzes the sensor data in real-time to determine parking space availability, keeping track of occupied and vacant spaces. This information is visually conveyed to drivers through LED indicators or display panels, where green lights signify vacant spaces and red lights indicate occupied ones. Additionally, users can interact with the system through a user interface, be it a mobile application or display screen, to view parking availability and navigate to vacant spaces efficiently. Data logging and analysis capabilities enable the system to record parking occupancy details, including timestamps and durations, facilitating optimization of parking space utilization over time. Optionally, an alert system can be implemented to notify parking attendants or users when spaces are about to be filled or when a vehicle overstays its allotted time, enhancing overall operational efficiency and user satisfaction.

IV. CONCLUSION

In conclusion, the referenced papers collectively highlight the widespread adoption and continuous advancements in Smart Car Parking Systems utilizing Arduino and IR sensors. The research presented in these papers demonstrates the effectiveness of integrating Arduino technology with IR sensors for real-time parking assistance, The consistency in

positive outcomes across various studies underscores the reliability and versatility of Arduino-based solutions in addressing parking challenges.

These research efforts contribute significantly to the field by exploring different aspects such as priority scheduling, FCFS mechanisms, Blynk applications, and IoT integration. The findings suggest that these systems not only enhance parking efficiency but also contribute to the development of sustainable and intelligent urban environments.. The utilization of Arduino technology in conjunction with IR sensors emerges as a promising and adaptable solution, offering scalability and ease of implementation.

In summary, the extensive body of research supports the effectiveness and reliability of Smart Car Parking Systems using Arduino and IR sensors, providing a foundation for further innovation and implementation in smart city initiatives.

REFERENCES

- [1]. Atharva Nehete, Atharva Deshmukh, Atharva Dhumal, Prasanna Atram, Swaroop Atreya, “Smart Car Parking System using Arduino”, International Journal for Research in Applied Science & Engineering Technology (IJRASET), Volume 11, Issue XI, Nov 2023.
- [2]. Ananya Bhatti, Amar Rai, Anas Adil Siddiqui, Ravikant Nirala,” Real-Time Parking Assistance using Arduino and Sensors”, International Journal For Research in Applied Science and Engineering Technology, Volume 11, Issue V May,2023.
- [3]. Suman Turpati, Upendra Reddy Mula Reddy, Shashi Kiran Kummari, Vishnusai Pasupala and Yuktesh Nandulamattam, “Smart Car Parking System Using Arduino UNO”, EasyChair preprints, 2023.
- [4]. Zarif Irfan Mohamad Yusni, Kirshant Nagendra Rajah, Joey Kulleh Milton Johnny, Anas Ferdinan Ahmad Fakaruddeen, Khairul Huda Yusof, Fadhilah Aman, Norazliani Md Sapari, “Development of A Smart Car Parking System by Using Arduino Uno” Borneo Engineering & Advanced Multidisciplinary International Journal (BEAM), Volume 1, Issue 2, November Pages 50-54, 2022.
- [5]. S.K.Satyanarayana, A.Akhil, G.Padmini, “Smart Parking Assistance Using Arduino” International Research Journal Of Modernization In Engineering Technology And Science (IRJMETS), Volume:04, Issue:03, March-2022.
- [6]. M.R.M. Veeramanickam , B. Venkatesh, Laxmi A. Bewoor , Yogesh W. Bhowte, Kavita Moholkar, Jyoti L. Bangare, “IoT based smart parking model using Arduino UNO with FCFS priority scheduling”, Elsevier Journal, Sensors, 2022.
- [7]. Yogeshkumar Chaurasia, Sumitkumar Chaurasiya, Prof Sachin M Vaidya, “Arduino Based Smart Car Parking”, International Journal of Research Publication and Reviews, Vol 2, Issue 8, Page 721-724, 2021.
- [8]. P. Dhanabalraj; L. Gopinath; G.M. Gowthaman; J.Jashva Sherin; K. Kumar,” Car Parking Allocation System using Arduino”, International Conference on Artificial Intelligence and Smart Systems (ICAIS), 2021
- [9]. Urvashi Angare, R.M. Potdar, Neha Singh, “(IOT) Based Real Time Parking System Using Arduino and Blynk Application”, International Journal of Creative Research Thoughts (IJCRT), Volume 9, Issue 9, September 2021.
- [10]. Suvarna S. Nandyal, Sabiya Sultana, Sadaf Anjum, “Smart Car Parking System using Arduino UNO”, International Journal of Computer Applications, Volume 169 – No.1, July 2017.



INNO  **SPACE**
SJIF Scientific Journal Impact Factor
Impact Factor: 8.379



ISSN INTERNATIONAL
STANDARD
SERIAL
NUMBER
INDIA



INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF INNOVATIVE RESEARCH

IN COMPUTER & COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

 **9940 572 462**  **6381 907 438**  **ijircce@gmail.com**



www.ijircce.com

Scan to save the contact details