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Developing AN E-Commerce Website FOR Visually Impaired Person Using Full Stack Web Developing

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ABSTRACT: In today's digital landscape, where e-commerce has become an integral part of daily life, the accessibility of online platforms is paramount. However, for visually impaired individuals, conventional e-commerce websites pose significant challenges due to their reliance on visual interfaces. To address this issue, this paper proposes the development of an e-commerce platform specifically designed to accommodate the needs of visually impaired users. By prioritizing features such as compatibility with screen reader software, intuitive keyboard navigation, and the inclusion of descriptive alternative text for images, the proposed platform seeks to ensure equal access to online shopping experiences. Through this initiative, visually impaired individuals can navigate, explore, and engage in online transactions with confidence and independence, thereby promoting inclusivity and accessibility in the digital marketplace. In light of the increasing prevalence of e-commerce in modern society, ensuring inclusivity and accessibility for all users, including those with visual impairments, is imperative. Traditional e-commerce websites often present significant barriers to visually impaired individuals, hindering their ability to independently browse, shop, and engage with online content.

KEYWORDS: Keywords - flask , html css, javascript

I.INTRODUCTION

In response to the growing prevalence of e-commerce in modern society, it has become increasingly evident that not all users are able to fully benefit from these platforms. Traditional e-commerce websites, while convenient for many, often present significant challenges for visually impaired individuals due to their heavy reliance on visual interfaces. The proposed e-commerce website for visually impaired users aims to address this disparity by providing a platform

specifically designed to accommodate their needs. Through a combination of thoughtful design, innovative features, and inclusive functionalities, this platform seeks to enhance accessibility and usability, ultimately empowering visually impaired individuals to participate more fully in the digital marketplace. By offering an intuitive and tailored user experience, this initiative endeavors to bridge the gap between accessibility and technology, fostering a more inclusive online environment for all.

II.LITERATURE SURVEY

[1] Hemn, B. A., Lu, Z., & Yuantu, Z. (2021). A New Approach of e-Commerce Web Design for Accessibility based on Game Accessibility in Chinese Market. *International Journal of Advanced Computer Science and Applications*, 12(8).

In their study published in the *International Journal of Advanced Computer Science and Applications*, Hemn, Lu, and Yuantu propose a novel approach to e-commerce web design focusing on accessibility, drawing inspiration from game accessibility principles in the Chinese market. By integrating elements of game accessibility into e-commerce website design, the authors aim to enhance usability and inclusivity for users with disabilities, particularly

those with visual impairments. This research offers insights into innovative strategies for improving accessibility in the rapidly evolving landscape of e-commerce platforms, contributing to the advancement of inclusive digital environments.

[2] HARA, K., & KUSANO, K. (2022). Investigating Accessibility Challenges and Opportunities for Users with Low Vision Disabilities in Customer-to-Customer (C2C) Marketplaces.

In their investigation, Hara and Kusano delve into the accessibility challenges and opportunities faced by users with low vision disabilities in customer-to-customer (C2C) marketplaces. By examining the unique dynamics of C2C platforms, the study sheds light on the specific barriers encountered by individuals with low vision and explores potential avenues for enhancing accessibility in these online marketplaces. This research underscores the importance of addressing the diverse needs of users with disabilities in various e-commerce contexts, paving the way for more inclusive and user-friendly online experiences.

[3] Ryskeldiev, B., Hara, K., Kobayashi, M., & Kusano, K. (2022, October). Investigating Accessibility Challenges and Opportunities for Users with Low Vision Disabilities in Customer-to-Customer (C2C) Marketplaces. In Proceedings of the 24th International ACM SIGACCESS Conference on Computers and Accessibility (pp. 1-4).

Ryskeldiev et al.'s study, presented at the 24th International ACM SIGACCESS Conference on Computers and Accessibility, explores accessibility challenges and opportunities for users with low vision disabilities in customer-to-customer (C2C) marketplaces. By conducting a thorough investigation, the authors highlight the importance of addressing the unique needs of individuals with low vision in the design and implementation of C2C platforms. Their findings contribute valuable insights to the field of accessibility research, informing the development of more inclusive online marketplaces that prioritize usability and equal access for all users.

[4] Samreen, N. J. (2022). Online Shopping and Web-Accessibility: Strategies to Ensure Equal Access to Blind Users in E-commerce Platforms.

In her research, Samreen investigates strategies to ensure equal access to blind users in e-commerce platforms, focusing on the intersection of online shopping and web accessibility. By examining current practices and challenges, the study proposes actionable strategies for enhancing accessibility and usability for blind individuals navigating e-commerce websites. This research underscores the importance of considering diverse user needs in the design and development of online platforms, advocating for inclusive approaches that empower all users to participate fully in the digital marketplace.

[5] Santoki, S., & Patvardhan, N. (2021). An examination on 'website accessibility' for active engagement of visually impaired e-commerce customers. *Technology and Disability*, 33(3), 187-193.

Santoki and Patvardhan's study published in *Technology and Disability* examines website accessibility for active engagement of visually impaired e-commerce customers. Through their investigation, the authors explore the barriers faced by visually impaired individuals when accessing e-commerce websites and propose strategies to enhance accessibility and promote active engagement. This study contributes to a deeper understanding of the intersection between accessibility, e-commerce, and inclusivity, advocating for strategies that prioritize equal access for all users, regardless of their abilities or geographical location.

[6] Nagatani, Y., Takazawa, K., Sadasue, M., Kobayashi, M., Teramoto, K., Yoshida, N., ... & Takahashi, M. (2022, June). How Visually Impaired People Use Information Media and E-Commerce in Japan. In *International Conference on Human-Computer Interaction* (pp. 553-561). Cham: Springer International Publishing.

Nagatani et al.'s research, presented at the International Conference on Human-Computer Interaction, explores how visually impaired people use information media and e-commerce in Japan. By examining usage patterns, preferences, and challenges faced by visually impaired individuals, the study provides valuable insights into the intersection of accessibility and e-commerce in the Japanese context. This research informs the development of tailored solutions that address the specific needs and preferences of visually impaired users, contributing to the advancement of inclusive e-commerce practices in Japan and beyond.

[7] MUHAMMAD AL SUHAIMI, F. B. (2021). WEB-BASED E-COMMERCE FOR VISUALLY IMPAIRED USING ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE.

Muhammad Al Suhaimi explores the potential of web-based e-commerce for visually impaired individuals using artificial intelligence (AI). By leveraging AI technologies, the study aims to enhance accessibility and usability for visually impaired users navigating e-commerce platforms. This research highlights the transformative potential of AI in addressing accessibility challenges and improving the digital shopping experience for individuals with visual impairments, paving the way for more inclusive and equitable online environments.

[8] Sosa, E., & Villegas-Mateos, A. (2021). How the Accessibility in E-Commerce Affects the Inclusion of the Visually Impaired? Visually impaired internet users in developing countries. TECHNO REVIEW. International Technology, Science and Society Review/Revista Internacional de Tecnología, Ciencia y Sociedad, 10(1), 49-65.

Sosa and Villegas-Mateos examine how accessibility in e-commerce affects the inclusion of visually impaired internet users, particularly in developing countries. By exploring the experiences and challenges faced by visually impaired individuals in accessing e-commerce platforms, the research highlights the importance of addressing accessibility barriers to promote greater inclusion and participation. This study contributes to a deeper understanding of the intersection between accessibility, e-commerce, and inclusivity, advocating for strategies that prioritize equal access for all users, regardless of their abilities or geographical location.

[9] Rajaselvi, V. M. (2022). A survey based on E-commerce website for visual impaired people.

Rajaselvi's research presents a survey-based exploration of e-commerce websites for visually impaired people. By gathering insights from users and stakeholders, the study aims to identify key challenges, preferences, and areas for improvement in existing e-commerce platforms from the perspective of visually impaired individuals. This research serves as a valuable resource for informing the design and development of more inclusive and user-friendly e-commerce websites, tailored to the needs and preferences of visually impaired users.

[10] Prati, E., Pozzi, S., Grandi, F., & Peruzzini, M. (2021, July). E-commerce Usability Guidelines for Visually Impaired Users. In International Conference on Human-Computer Interaction (pp. 280-293). Cham: Springer International Publishing.

Prati et al.'s study, presented at the International Conference on Human-Computer Interaction, provides usability guidelines for e-commerce websites tailored to visually impaired users. By synthesizing best practices and insights from accessibility research, the authors offer practical recommendations for enhancing the accessibility and usability of e-commerce platforms for visually impaired individuals. This research contributes to the development of inclusive design strategies and standards, facilitating the creation of more user-friendly and accessible e-commerce experiences for individuals with visual impairments.

III. EXISTING AND PROPOSED SYSTEM

3.1 EXISTING SYSTEM

The existing system in the realm of e-commerce accessibility for visually impaired users is characterized by significant challenges and limitations. Traditional e-commerce websites are primarily designed with a focus on visual aesthetics and interactions, often neglecting the needs of users with disabilities, including those with visual impairments. As a result, visually impaired individuals encounter numerous barriers when accessing and navigating these platforms. One major obstacle is the lack of compatibility with screen reader software, which is essential for converting on-screen text into synthesized speech or Braille output. While there are established accessibility standards such as the Web Content Accessibility Guidelines (WCAG), adherence to these guidelines remains inconsistent across e-commerce platforms. As a result

3.2 PROPOSED SYSTEM

The proposed system for enhancing e-commerce accessibility for visually impaired users aims to address the existing challenges and shortcomings through a comprehensive approach focused on inclusive design, innovative technologies, and user-centered solutions. Central to the proposed system is the development of an accessible e-commerce platform specifically tailored to meet the needs of visually impaired individuals. This platform will

incorporate a range of features and functionalities designed to enhance accessibility, usability, and inclusivity for users with visual impairments. One key aspect of the proposed system is the implementation of robust compatibility with screen reader software.

3.3 FEASIBILITY STUDY

The feasibility study for an e-commerce platform catering to visually impaired users, integrating a chatbot and fraud detection system, involves evaluating the practicality and viability of implementing these features within the context of accessibility. The integration of a chatbot holds significant potential for enhancing customer service by offering real-time support tailored to the needs of visually impaired individuals

3.3.2 ECONOMICAL FEASIBILITY

Economic feasibility plays a crucial role in assessing the viability of integrating AI technologies into e-commerce websites tailored for visually impaired users. In this context, the implementation of AI-driven features such as chatbots and fraud detection systems can significantly impact both the user experience and operational efficiency of these platforms. Chatbots, serving as automated customer service agents, offer potential economic advantages by reducing the reliance on human intervention for handling routine queries.

3.3.3 TECHNICAL FEASIBILITY

Technical feasibility is paramount in the development of an e-commerce platform tailored for visually impaired users, especially when incorporating advanced features like chatbots and fraud detection systems within the framework of Human-Computer Interaction (HCI) based on Artificial Intelligence (AI). To ensure seamless user experiences and operational effectiveness, various factors must be evaluated.

3.3.4 OPERATIONAL FEASIBILITY

In the context of developing an e-commerce website specifically tailored for visually impaired users, addressing operational feasibility is paramount to ensure the successful integration and adoption of advanced technologies. In this case, the implementation of features like screen reader compatibility, intuitive navigation, and accessible design elements heavily relies on aligning with existing user behaviours and operational processes.

3.3.5 SOCIAL FEASIBILITY

In the context of developing an e-commerce website for visually impaired users, addressing operational feasibility is crucial for successful implementation and adoption. The inclusion of features such as screen reader compatibility, intuitive navigation, and accessible design elements depends heavily on aligning with existing user behaviours and operational processes.

IV. SYSTEM FUNCTION

4.1 ARCHITECTURE DESIGN

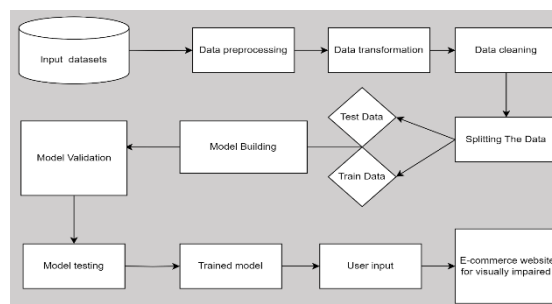


Fig no: 4.1 Architecture design.

4.2 ACTIVITY DIAGRAM

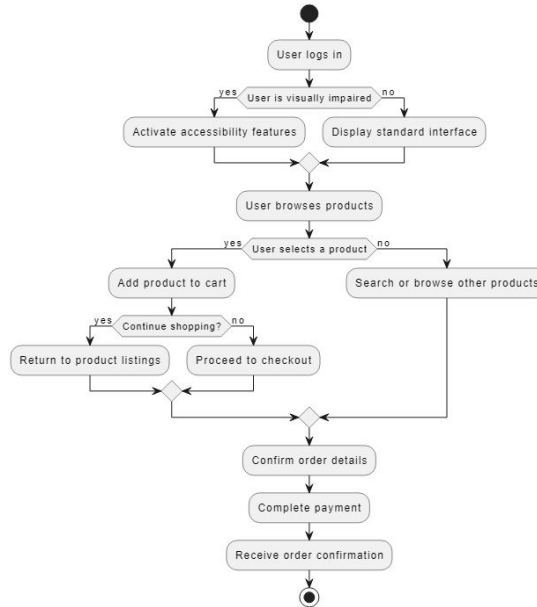


Fig no: 4.2 Activity diagram

V. MODULE DESCRIPTION

5.1 UNDERSTANDING USERS NEEDS:

The initial phase of the Requirements Analysis module involves conducting comprehensive research and interviews with visually impaired individuals to discern their specific needs and preferences in online shopping experiences. This includes identifying the challenges they face when navigating traditional e-commerce platforms and understanding their expectations for an accessible online shopping interface.

5.2 ACCESSIBILITY FEATURES:

Based on the insights gained from user research, a comprehensive list of accessibility features and functionalities is outlined. These may include prioritizing features such as screen reader compatibility, keyboard navigation options, clear and concise content presentation, and alternative text for images to ensure an inclusive experience for visually impaired users.

5.3 STAKEHOLDER CONSULTATIONS:

Collaborating closely with stakeholders, including visually impaired individuals, accessibility experts, and e-commerce stakeholders, is crucial to ensure alignment between the identified requirements and the overarching goals of the project. Stakeholder engagement helps refine the scope of the project and ensures that the final e-commerce website effectively addresses the needs of its intended users.

VI. SYSTEM DESIGN

6.1 USER-CENTERED DESIGN:

The Design and Development module emphasizes the implementation of user-centered design principles to translate the identified requirements into tangible design concepts and prototypes. This involves creating intuitive interfaces, clear navigation structures, and accessible design elements that prioritize ease of use and accessibility for visually impaired users.

6.2 ACCESSIBILITY IMPLEMENTATION :

Accessibility features identified during the Requirements Analysis phase are integrated into the design and development process. This includes ensuring seamless compatibility with screen reader software, implementing keyboard navigation functionalities, providing descriptive alternative text for images, and optimizing the website's layout and design for various screen sizes and devices.

6.3 INTERACTIVE PROTOTYPING:

The design and development process includes iterative prototyping and usability testing to gather feedback from visually impaired users. Prototypes are refined based on user input and testing results, ensuring that the final design effectively meets the needs and preferences of its target audience.

6.2 ADVANTAGE :

- Variety of Framework and libraries.
- Reliability
- Easily Executable

VII. SYSTEM TESTING

Discovering and fixing such problems is what testing is all about. The purpose of testing is to find and correct any problems with the final product. It's a method for evaluating the quality of the operation of anything from a whole product to a single component. The goal of stress testing software is to verify that it retains its original functionality under extreme circumstances . . There are several different tests from which to pick. Many tests are available since there is such a vast range of assessment options .

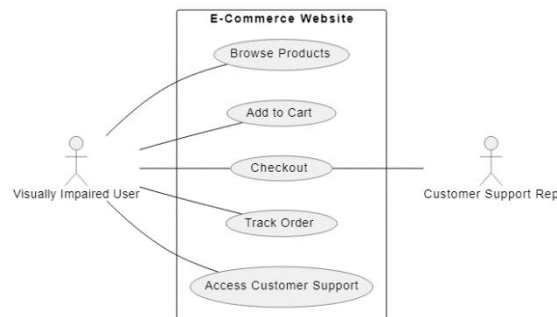


Fig.no: 7 USECASE DIAGRAM

7.1 ACCESSIBILITY TESTING:

The Testing and Evaluation module focuses on conducting thorough accessibility testing to verify that the e-commerce website adheres to established accessibility standards, such as the Web Content Accessibility Guidelines (WCAG). Automated accessibility testing tools and manual testing by visually impaired users are utilized to identify and address any accessibility issues.

7.2 USABILITY TESTING:

Usability testing is conducted to evaluate the overall user experience of the e-commerce website for visually impaired users. This involves assessing factors such as ease of navigation, clarity of content, efficiency of tasks, and overall satisfaction with the website. User feedback gathered during usability testing informs further refinements to the design and functionality.

7.3 PERFORMANCE EVALUATION :

The final `step in the Testing and Evaluation module involves evaluating the performance of the e-commerce website in meeting its objectives and addressing the needs of visually impaired users. Performance metrics such as

website accessibility, user satisfaction, and task completion rates are analysed to assess the effectiveness of the website in serving its target audience.

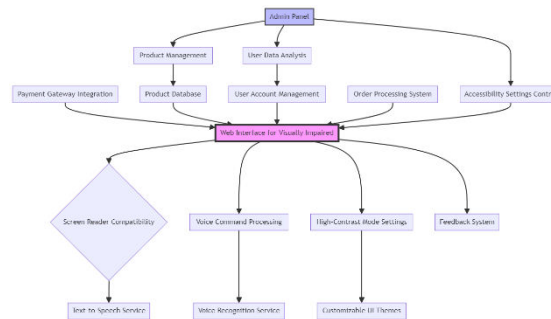


Fig.no: 7.1&7.2 Types of Software Testing

VIII. CONCLUSION

In conclusion, the development of an e-commerce website tailored for visually impaired users requires meticulous attention to accessibility, usability, and inclusivity. Through the structured methodology outlined, including thorough requirements analysis, design and development, and testing and evaluation, developers can ensure that the website effectively integrates accessibility features and user-centered design principles. Unit testing, integration testing, functional testing, black box testing, and white box testing play critical roles in validating the functionality, compatibility, and performance of the website's accessibility features. By prioritizing the needs and preferences of visually impaired users throughout the development process, organizations can create a more inclusive and user-friendly online shopping experience, thereby promoting digital accessibility and equal access to e-commerce opportunities for all individuals, regardless of their abilities.

IX.FUTURE SCOPE

Advanced Assistive Technologies: Leveraging advancements in assistive technologies, such as artificial intelligence (AI) and natural language processing (NLP), to enhance the accessibility features of the e-commerce website. Integration of AI-driven chatbots or virtual assistants could provide personalized support and assistance to visually impaired users, enhancing their overall shopping experience.

Augmented Reality (AR) and Virtual Reality (VR): Exploring the integration of AR and VR technologies to create immersive and interactive shopping experiences for visually impaired users. AR and VR applications could provide auditory and tactile feedback, allowing users to explore products in a virtual environment and make informed purchasing decisions.

Enhanced Multimodal Interfaces: Developing multimodal interfaces that combine auditory, tactile, and gestural interactions to accommodate a wider range of user preferences and abilities. Integration of voice commands, haptic feedback, and gesture recognition could provide intuitive ways for visually impaired users to navigate the e-commerce website and interact with content.

Gamification and Interactive Learning: Introducing gamification elements and interactive learning features to engage visually impaired users and facilitate skill development in navigating online environments. Gamified tutorials, quizzes, and challenges could help users become more proficient in using accessibility tools and features.

Community Engagement and Feedback Mechanisms: Establishing community engagement platforms and feedback mechanisms to gather input and insights from visually impaired users on their evolving needs and preferences. Regular user feedback sessions, forums, and surveys could inform ongoing improvements and updates to the e-commerce website, ensuring it remains relevant and effective in meeting user expectations.

Global Accessibility Standards Compliance: Continuously monitoring and adapting to evolving global accessibility standards and guidelines, such as the Web Content Accessibility Guidelines (WCAG), to ensure the e-

commerce website remains compliant and accessible to users worldwide. Staying abreast of regulatory changes and industry best practices will be essential to maintain accessibility and inclusivity.

Partnerships and Collaborations: Collaborating with accessibility organizations, advocacy groups, and assistive technology providers to explore innovative solutions and promote digital inclusion for visually impaired users. Partnerships with stakeholders in the accessibility ecosystem could facilitate knowledge sharing, resource pooling, and collective efforts towards creating more accessible online environments.

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